



MONO SPLIT CONSOLE DC INVERTER



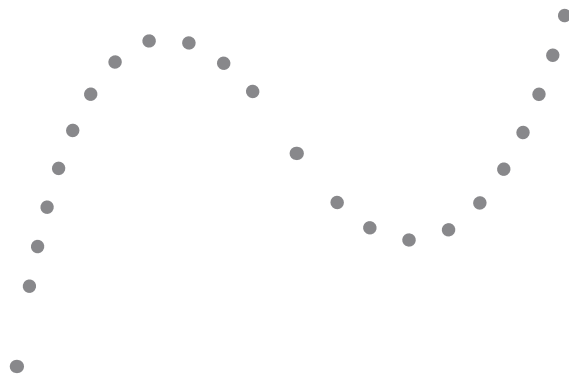
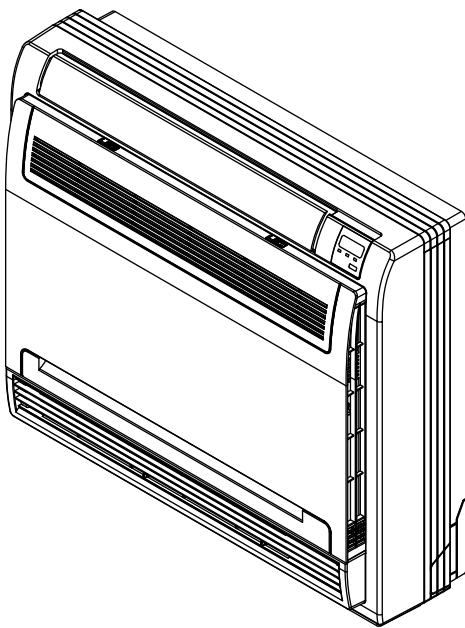
Table of Contents

Owner's Manual

1 Safety Precautions 04

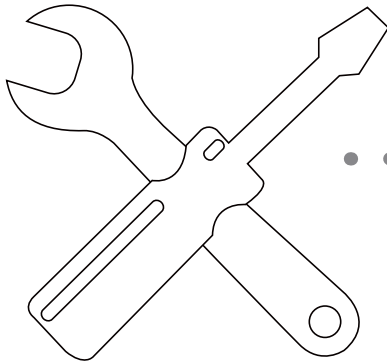


2 Indoor Unit Parts and Major Functions 05



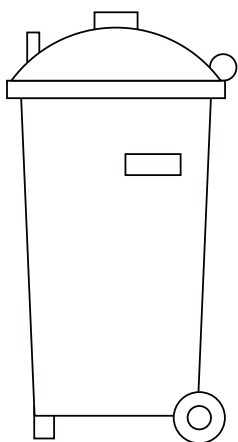
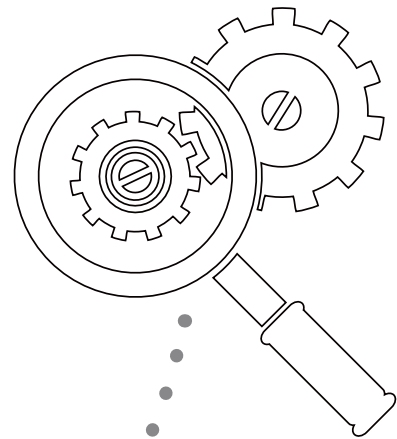
3 Manual Operations..... 07

⌋



| | | |
|----------|---|----|
| 4 | Care and Maintenance | 08 |
| | a. Unit Maintenance | 08 |
| | b. How to Clean the Air Filter | 08 |
| | c. Repairing Refrigerant Leaks | 09 |
| | d. Preparation for Periods of Non-use | 09 |

| | | |
|----------|-------------------------------|----|
| 5 | Troubleshooting..... | 10 |
| | a. Common Problems | 10 |
| | b. Troubleshooting Tips | 11 |



| | | |
|----------|-----------------------------------|----|
| 6 | European Disposal Guidelines..... | 13 |
|----------|-----------------------------------|----|



Caution: Risk of fire
(R32/R290 refrigerant)

WARNING: Servicing shall only be performed as recommended by the equipment manufacturer. Maintenance and repair requiring the assistance of other skilled personnel shall be carried out under the supervision of the person competent in the use of flammable refrigerants. For more details ,please refer to the Information on servicing on INSTALLATION MANUAL .(This is only required for the unit adopts R32/R290 Refrigerant)

Safety Precautions

1

Thank you for purchasing this air conditioner. This manual will provide you with information on how to operate, maintain, and troubleshoot your air conditioner. Following the instructions will ensure the proper function and extended lifespan of your unit.

Please pay attention to the following signs:



WARNING

Failure to observe a warning may result in death. The appliance must be installed in accordance with national regulations.



CAUTION

Failure to observe a caution may result in injury or equipment damage.

WARNING

- Ask an authorized dealer to install this air conditioner. Inappropriate installation may cause water leakage, electric shock, or fire.
- The warranty will be voided if the unit is not installed by professionals.
- If abnormal situation arises (like burning smell), turn off the power supply and call your dealer for instructions to avoid electric shock, fire or injury.
- DO NOT let the indoor unit or the remote control get wet. It may cause electric shock or fire.
- DO NOT insert fingers, rods or other objects into the air inlet or outlet. This may cause injury, since the fan may be rotating at high speeds.
- DO NOT use a flammable spray such as hair spray, lacquer or paint near the unit. This may cause fire or combustion.

CAUTION

- DO NOT touch the air outlet while the swing flap is in motion. Fingers might get caught or the unit may break down.
- DO NOT inspect the unit by yourself. Ask an authorized dealer to perform the inspection.
- To prevent product deterioration, do not use the air conditioner for preservation purposes (storage of food, plants, animals, works of art, etc.).
- DO NOT touch the evaporator coils inside the indoor unit. The evaporator coils are sharp and may cause injury.

- DO NOT operate the air conditioner with wet hands. It may cause electric shock.
- DO NOT place items that might be affected by moisture damage under the indoor unit. Condensation can occur at a relative humidity of 80%.
- DO NOT expose heat-producing appliances to cold air or place them under the indoor unit. This may cause incomplete combustion or deformation of the unit due to the heat.
- After long periods of usage, check the indoor unit to see if anything is damaged. If the indoor unit is damaged, it may fall and cause injury.
- If the air conditioner is used together with other heating devices, thoroughly ventilate the room to avoid oxygen deficiency.
- DO NOT climb onto or place objects on top of the outdoor unit.
- DO NOT operate the air conditioner when using fumigant insecticides. The chemicals may become layered with the unit and endanger those who are hypersensitive to chemicals.
- DO NOT let children play with the air conditioner.
- The air conditioner can be used by children aged 8 years and older and people with reduced physical, sensory or mental capabilities, or lack of experience and knowledge, if they have been given instruction on how to properly and safely operate the system.
- DO NOT operate the air conditioner in a wet room (e.g. bathroom or laundry room). This can cause electrical shock and cause the product to deteriorate.

Indoor Unit Parts And Major Functions

Unit Parts

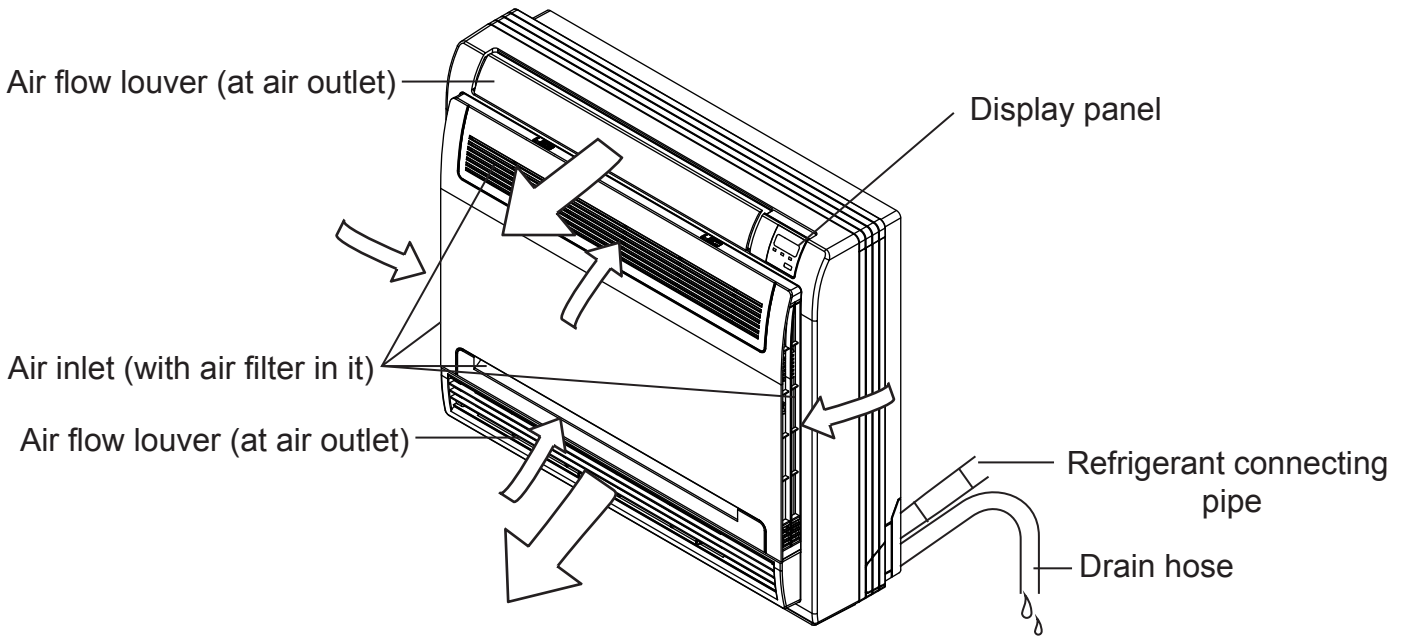


Fig. 2.1

Operating Conditions

Use the system under the following temperatures for safe and effective operation. If the air conditioner is used under different conditions, it may malfunction or become less efficient.

| | COOL Mode | HEAT mode | DRY mode |
|---------------------|---|----------------------|----------------------|
| Indoor Temperature | 17-32°C (62-90°F) | 0-30°C (32-86°F) | 17-32°C (62-90°F) |
| Outdoor Temperature | 0-50°C (32-122°F) | -15-24°C (5-76°F) | 0-50°C (32-122°F) |
| | -15-50°C (5-122°F) (low temperature cooling models) | | |

Features

Default Setting

When the air conditioner restarts after a power failure, it will default to the factory settings (AUTO mode, AUTO fan, 24°C (76°F)). This may cause inconsistencies on the remote control and unit panel. Use your remote control to update the status.

Auto-Restart (some models)

In case of power failure, the system will immediately stop. When power returns, the Operation light on the indoor unit will flash. To restart the unit, press the ON/OFF button on the remote control. If the system has an auto restart function, the unit will restart using the same settings.

Louver Angle Memory Function (Optional)

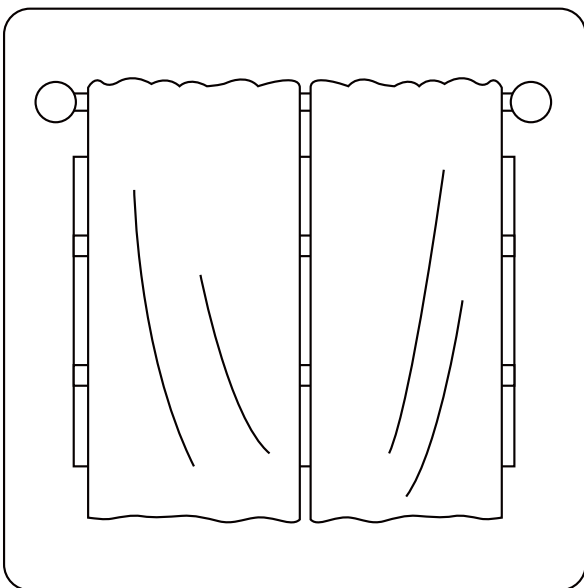
Some models are designed with a louver angle memory function. When the unit restarts after a power failure, the angle of the horizontal louvers will automatically return to the previous position. The angle of the horizontal louver should not be set too small as condensation may form and drip into the machine. To reset the louver, press the manual button, which will reset the horizontal louver settings.

Refrigerant Leak Detection System (some models)

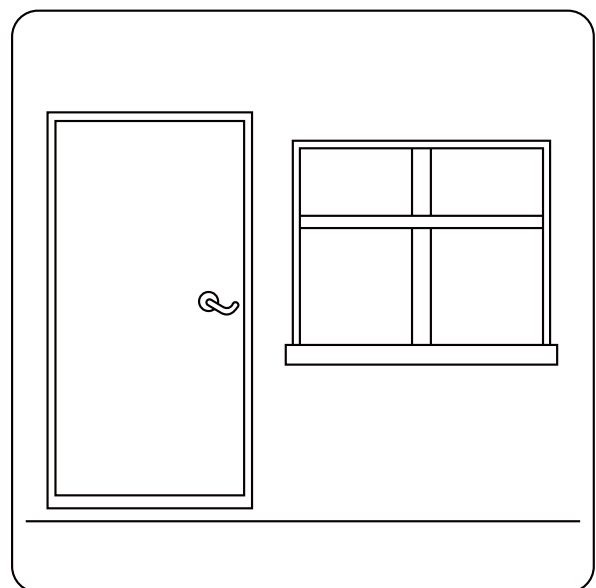
In the event of a refrigerant leak, the LCD screen will display "EC" and the LED indicator light will flash.

Energy Saving Tips

- **DO NOT** set the unit to excessive temperature levels.
- While cooling, close the curtains to avoid direct sunlight.
- Doors and windows should be kept closed to keep cool or warm air in the room.
- **DO NOT** place objects near the air inlet and outlet of the unit.
- Set a timer and use the built-in SLEEP/ECONOMY mode if applicable.
- If you don't plan to use the unit for a long time, remove the batteries from the remote control.
- Clean the air filter every two weeks.
- Adjust louvers properly and avoid direct airflow.



Closing curtains during heating also helps keep the heat in



Doors and windows should be kept closed

This display panel on the indoor unit can be used to operate the unit in case the remote control has been misplaced or is out of batteries.

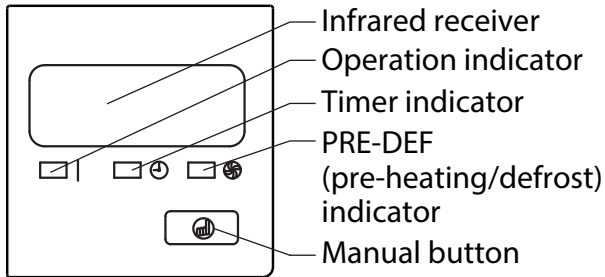


Fig. 3.1

- **MANUAL** button: This button selects the mode in the following order: AUTO, FORCED COOL, OFF.
- **FORCED COOL** mode: In FORCED COOL mode, the Operation light flashes. The system will then turn to AUTO after it has cooled with a high wind speed for 30 minutes. The remote control will be disabled during this operation.
- **OFF** mode: When the panel is turned OFF, the unit turns off and the remote control is re-enabled.

Adjusting Air Flow Direction

Manual Swing: Press Air Direction to fix the louver at a desired angle. The louver swings (upward or downward) at a different angle with each press of the button.

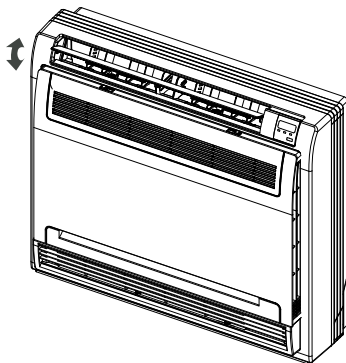


Fig. 3.2

When cooling
Adjust the louver downwards (horizontally). (See Fig.3.3).

When heating
Adjust the louver vertically. (See Fig.3.4)

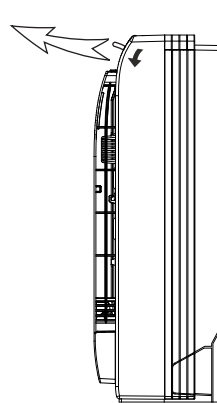


Fig. 3.3

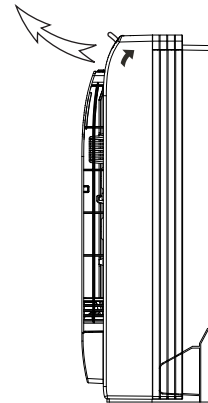


Fig. 3.4

! CAUTIONS

Do not try to adjust the horizontal louver by hand. This may cause damage the mechanism and result in condensation forming on the air outlets.

Adjust the Air Flow Direction Left and Right
Hold the knob and move the louver. You will find a knob on the left-side and the right-side blades. (See Fig.3.5)

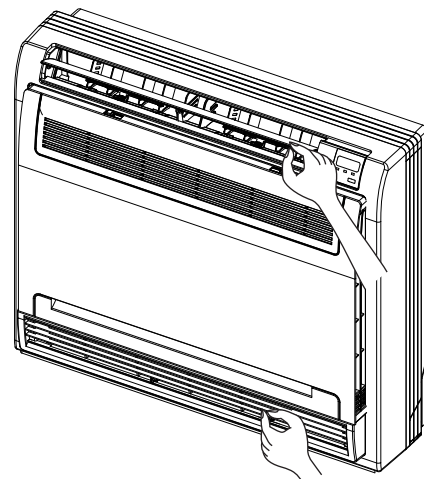


Fig. 3.5

Safety Precautions

- Contact an authorized service technician for repair or maintenance. Improper repair and maintenance may cause water leakage, electrical shock, or fire, and may void your warranty.
- **DO NOT** substitute a blown fuse with a higher or lower amperage rating fuse, as this may cause circuit damage or an electrical fire.
- Make sure the drain hose is set up according to the instructions. Failure to do so could cause leakage and result in personal property damage, fire and electric shock.
- Make sure that all wires are connected properly. Failure to connect wires according to instructions can result in electrical shock or fire.

Unit Maintenance

BEFORE CLEANING OR MAINTENANCE

- Always turn off your air conditioning system and disconnect the power supply before cleaning or maintenance.
- **DO NOT** use chemicals or chemically treated cloths to clean the unit.
- **DO NOT** use benzene, paint thinner, polishing powder or other solvents to clean the unit. They can cause the plastic surface to crack or deform.
- **DO NOT** wash the unit under running water. Doing so creates an electrical hazard.
- **DO NOT** use water hotter than 40°C (104°F) to clean the front panel. This can cause the panel to become deformed or discolored.
- Clean the unit using a damp, lint-free cloth and neutral detergent. Dry the unit with a dry, lint-free cloth.

How To Clean The Air Filter

The filter prevents dust and other particles from entering the indoor unit. Dust buildup can reduce the efficiency of the air conditioner. For optimum efficiency, clean the air filter every two weeks or more frequently if you live in a dusty area. Replace the filter with a new one if it's heavily clogged and cannot be cleaned.

WARNING: DO NOT REMOVE OR CLEAN THE FILTER BY YOURSELF

Removing and cleaning the filter can be dangerous. Removal and maintenance must be performed by a certified technician.

NOTE: In households with animals, you will have to periodically wipe down the grille to prevent animal hair blocking airflow.

1. Open the front panel.

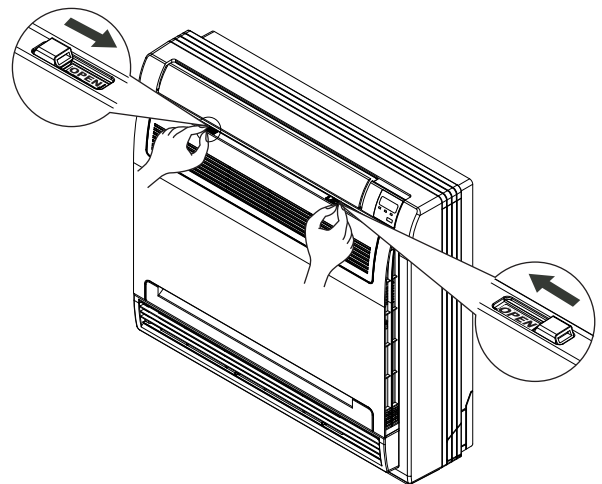


Fig. 4.1

2. Remove the air filter.
Press the claws on the right and left sides of the air filter down slightly, then pull upward.

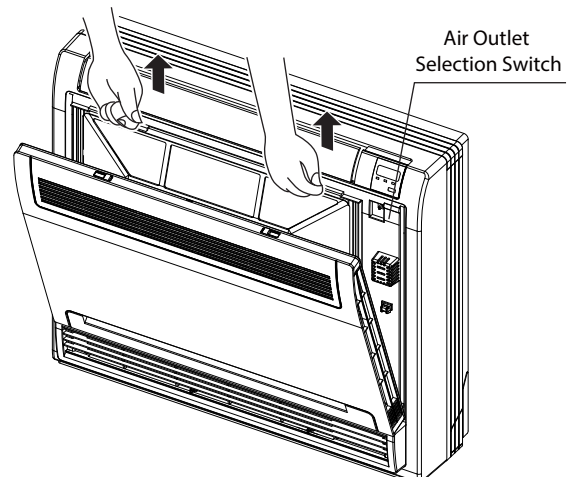


Fig. 4.2

3. Hold the tabs of the frame, and remove the 4 claws. (The special function filter can be washed with water once every 6 months. It is recommended that you replace it once every 3 years.)

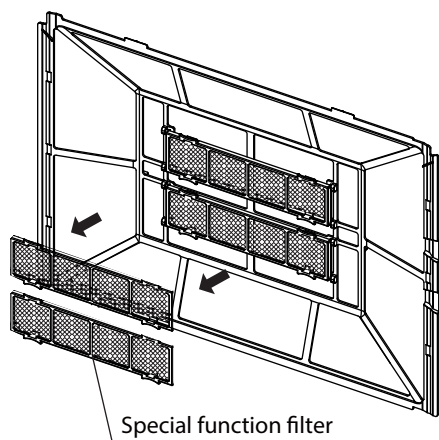


Fig. 4.3

4. Clean the air filter by vacuuming the surface or washing it in warm water with mild detergent.

- A. If using a vacuum cleaner, the inlet side should face the vacuum.

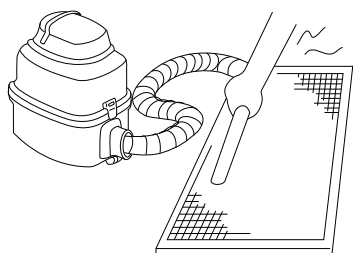


Fig. 4.4

- B. If using water, the inlet side should face down and away from the water stream.

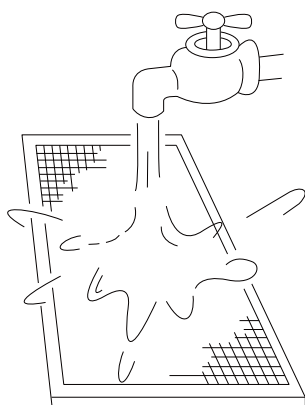


Fig. 4.5

5. Rinse the filter with clean water and allow it to air-dry. **DO NOT** let the filter dry in direct sunlight.
6. Reinstall the filter.

Repairing Refrigerant Leaks

WARNING

- If the refrigerant leaks, turn off the air conditioner and any combustible heating devices, ventilate the room and call your dealer immediately. Refrigerant is both toxic and flammable. **DO NOT** use the air conditioner until the leak is repaired.
- When the air conditioner is installed in a small room, measures must be taken to prevent the refrigerant concentration from exceeding the safety limit in the event of refrigerant leakage. Concentrated refrigerant causes a severe health and safety threat.

Refrigerant Leak Detection System (some models)

- In the event of a refrigerant leak, the LCD screen will display "EC" and the LED indicator light will flash.

Preparation For Periods Of Non-Use

Maintenance after Extended Non-Use

1. Remove any obstacles blocking the vents of both the indoor and outdoor units.
2. Clean the air filter and the front grille of the indoor unit. Reinstall the clean, dry air filter in its original position.
3. Turn on the main power switch at least 12 hours prior to operating the unit.

Storing the Unit While Not In Use

1. Run the appliance on FAN mode for 12 hours in a warm room to dry it and prevent mold.
2. Turn off the appliance and unplug it.
3. Clean the air filter according to the instructions in the previous section. Reinstall the clean, dry filter before storing.
4. Remove the batteries from the remote control.

! CAUTIONS

If one of the following conditions occurs, switch off the power supply immediately and contact your dealer for further assistance.

- The operation light continues to flash rapidly after the unit has been restarted.
- The remote control buttons do not work.
- The unit continually trips fuses or circuit breakers.
- A foreign object or water enters the air conditioner.
- Other abnormal situations.

Common Problems

The following symptoms are not a malfunction and in most situations will not require repairs.

| Problem | Possible Causes |
|---|--|
| Unit does not turn on when pressing ON/OFF button | The unit has a 3-minute protection feature that prevents the unit from overloading. The unit cannot be restarted within three minutes of being turned off. |
| | Cooling and Heating Models: If the Operation light and PRE-DEF (Pre-heating/Defrost) indicators are lit up, the outdoor temperature is too cold and the unit's anti-cold wind is activated in order to defrost the unit. |
| | In Cooling-only Models: If the "Fan Only" indicator is lit up, the outdoor temperature is too cold and the unit's anti-freeze protection is activated in order to defrost the unit. |
| The unit changes from COOL mode to FAN mode | The unit changes its setting to prevent frost from forming on the unit. Once the temperature increases, the unit will start operating again. |
| | The set temperature has been reached, at which point the unit turns off the compressor. The unit will resume operating when the temperature fluctuates again. |
| The indoor unit emits white mist | In humid regions, a large temperature difference between the room's air and the conditioned air can cause white mist. |
| Both the indoor and outdoor units emit white mist | When the unit restarts in HEAT mode after defrosting, white mist may be emitted due to moisture generated from the defrosting process. |
| The indoor unit makes noises | A squeaking sound is heard when the system is OFF or in COOL mode. The noise is also heard when the drain pump (optional) is in operation. |
| | A squeaking sound may occur after running the unit in HEAT mode due to expansion and contraction of the unit's plastic parts. |
| Both the indoor unit and outdoor unit make noises | A low hissing sound may occur during operation. This is normal and is caused by refrigerant gas flowing through both the indoor and outdoor units. |
| | A low hissing sound may be heard when the system starts, has just stopped running or is defrosting. This noise is normal and is caused by the refrigerant gas stopping or changing direction. |
| The outdoor unit makes noises | The unit will make different sounds based on its current operating mode. |

| Problem | Possible Causes |
|--|--|
| Dust is emitted from either the indoor or outdoor unit | The unit may accumulate dust during extended periods of non-use, which will be emitted when the unit is turned on. This can be mitigated by covering the unit during long periods of inactivity. |
| The unit emits a bad odor | The unit may absorb odors from the environment (such as furniture, cooking, cigarettes, etc.) which will be emitted during operations. |
| | The unit's filters have become moldy and should be cleaned. |
| The fan of the outdoor unit does not operate | During operation, the fan speed is controlled to optimize product operation. |

Troubleshooting Tips

When troubles occur, please check the following points before contacting a repair company.

| Problem | Possible Causes | Solution |
|--------------------------------------|---|--|
| The unit is not working | Power failure | Wait for the power to be restored |
| | The power switch is off | Turn on the power |
| | The fuse is burned out | Replace the fuse |
| | Remote control batteries are dead | Replace the remote control batteries |
| | The unit's 3-minute protection has been activated | Wait three minutes after restarting the unit |
| Poor cooling performance | Temperature setting may be higher than the ambient room temperature | Lower the temperature setting |
| | The heat exchanger on the indoor or outdoor unit is dirty | Clean the affected heat exchanger |
| | The air filter is dirty | Remove the filter and clean it according to instructions |
| | The air inlet or outlet of either unit is blocked | Turn the unit off, remove the obstruction and turn it back on |
| | Doors and windows are open | Make sure that all doors and windows are closed while operating the unit |
| | Excessive heat is generated by sunlight | Close windows and curtains during periods of high heat or bright sunshine |
| | Low refrigerant due to leak or long-term use | Check for leaks, re-seal if necessary and top off refrigerant |
| The unit starts and stops frequently | There's too much or too little refrigerant in the system | Check for leaks and recharge the system with refrigerant |
| | There is air, incompressible gas or foreign material in the refrigeration system. | Evacuate and recharge the system with refrigerant |
| | System circuit is blocked | Determine which circuit is blocked and replace the malfunctioning piece of equipment |
| | The compressor is broken | Replace the compressor |
| | The voltage is too high or too low | Install a manostat to regulate the voltage |
| Poor heating performance | The outdoor temperature is lower than 7°C (44.5°F) | Check for leaks and recharge the system with refrigerant |
| | Cold air is entering through doors and windows | Make sure that all doors and windows are closed during use |
| | Low refrigerant due to leak or long-term use | Check for leaks, re-seal if necessary and top off refrigerant |

Error Codes

| Error Code | Cause | The number of flashes per second | Timer indicator |
|------------|--|----------------------------------|-----------------|
| E0 | Indoor EEPROM (Electrically Erasable Programmable Read-Only Memory) error | 1 | Off |
| E 1 | Indoor and outdoor unit communication malfunction | 2 | Off |
| E3 | Indoor fan speed malfunction | 4 | Off |
| E4 | Indoor room temperature sensor error | 5 | Off |
| E5 | Evaporator coil temperature sensor error | 6 | Off |
| EC | Refrigerant leak detection system malfunction | 7 | Off |
| EE | Water level alarm malfunction | 8 | Off |
| E8 | Dual indoor unit (twin model only) communication malfunction | 9 | Off |
| E9 | Other twin model malfunction | 10 | Off |
| F0 | Overload protection | 1 | On |
| F 1 | Outdoor temperature sensor error | 2 | On |
| F2 | Outdoor condenser pipe sensor error | 3 | On |
| F3 | Discharge air temperature sensor error | 4 | On |
| F4 | Outdoor EEPROM (Electrically Erasable Programmable Read-Only Memory) error | 5 | On |
| F5 | Outdoor fan speed (DC fan motor only) malfunction | 6 | On |
| F6 | T2b sensor error | 7 | On |
| P0 | Inverter module IPM protection | 1 | Flash |
| P 1 | High/Low voltage protection | 2 | Flash |
| P2 | Compressor top overheating protection | 3 | Flash |
| P3 | Outdoor low temperature protection | 4 | Flash |
| P4 | Compressor drive error | 5 | Flash |
| P5 | Mode conflict | 6 | Flash |
| P6 | Compressor low-pressure protection | 7 | Flash |
| P7 | Outdoor IGBT sensor error | 8 | Flash |

The manufacturer is registered on the EEE National Register, in compliance with implementation of Directive 2012/19/EU and relevant national regulations on waste electrical and electronic equipment. This Directive requires electrical and electronic equipment to be disposed of properly.

Equipment bearing the crossed-out wheellie bin mark must be disposed of separately at the end of its life cycle to prevent damage to human health and to the environment.

Electrical and electronic equipment must be disposed of together with all of its parts.

To dispose of "household" electrical and electronic equipment, the manufacturer recommends you contact an authorised dealer or an authorised ecological area.

"Professional" electrical and electronic equipment must be disposed of by authorised personnel through established waste disposal authorities around the country.

In this regard, here is the definition of household WEEE and professional WEEE:

WEEE from private households: WEEE originating from private households and WEEE which comes from commercial, industrial, institutional and other sources which, because of its nature and quantity, is similar to that from private households. Subject to the nature and quantity, where the waste from EEE was likely to have been by both a private household and users of other than private households, it will be classed as private household WEEE;

Professional WEEE: all WEEE which comes from users other than private households.

This equipment may contain:

refrigerant gas, the entire contents of which must be recovered in suitable containers by specialised personnel with the necessary qualifications;

- lubrication oil contained in compressors and in the cooling circuit to be collected;
- mixtures with antifreeze in the water circuit, the contents of which are to be collected;
- mechanical and electrical parts to be separated and disposed of as authorised.

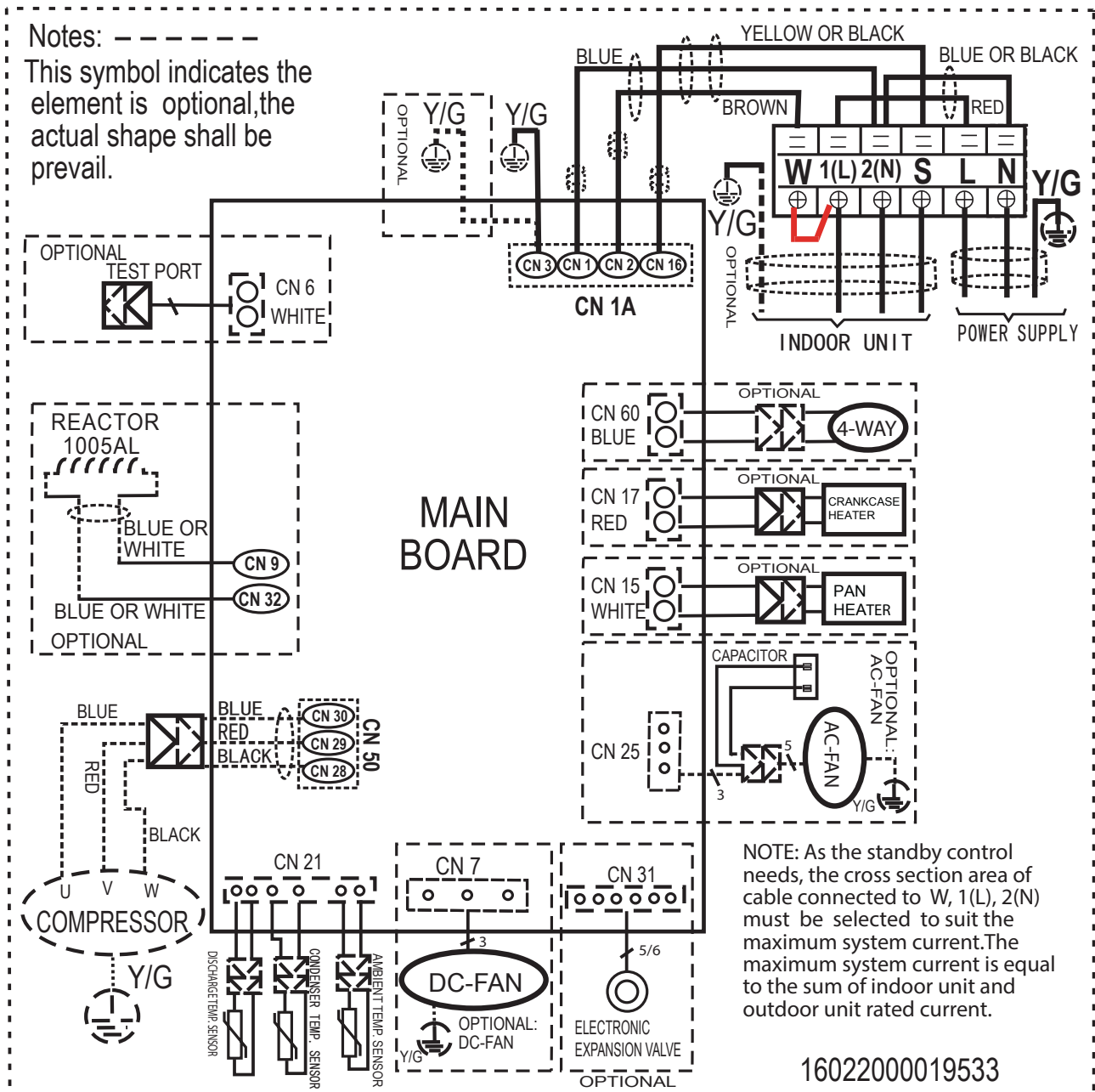
When machine components to be replaced for maintenance purposes are removed or when the entire unit reaches the end of its life and needs to be removed from the installation, waste should be separated by its nature and disposed of by authorised personnel at existing collection centres.



The design and specifications are subject to change without prior notice for product improvement. Consult with the sales agency or manufacturer for details.

■ Unità esterne mono DC inverter / Mono DC inverter outdoor units

Mod. FDL35R, OUDS35R



NOTA:

1. Per il collegamento con unità esterna mono DC inverter R32 12000 Btu, è necessario eseguire un ulteriore passaggio sul cablaggio.

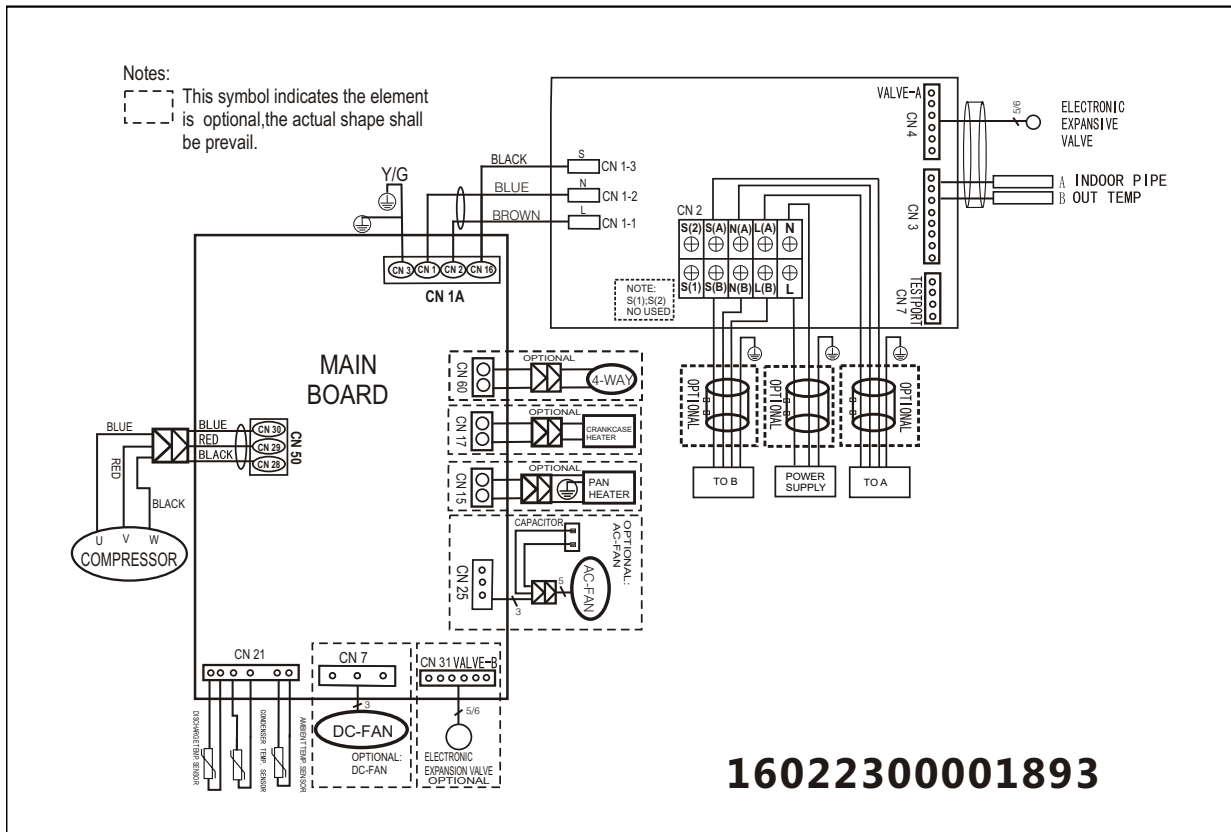
2. Si prega realizzare un ponticello tra i terminali "W" e "1 (L)" dell'unità esterna mono con un filo comune (ad esempio il filo rosso mostrato nel diagramma sottostante).

NOTE:

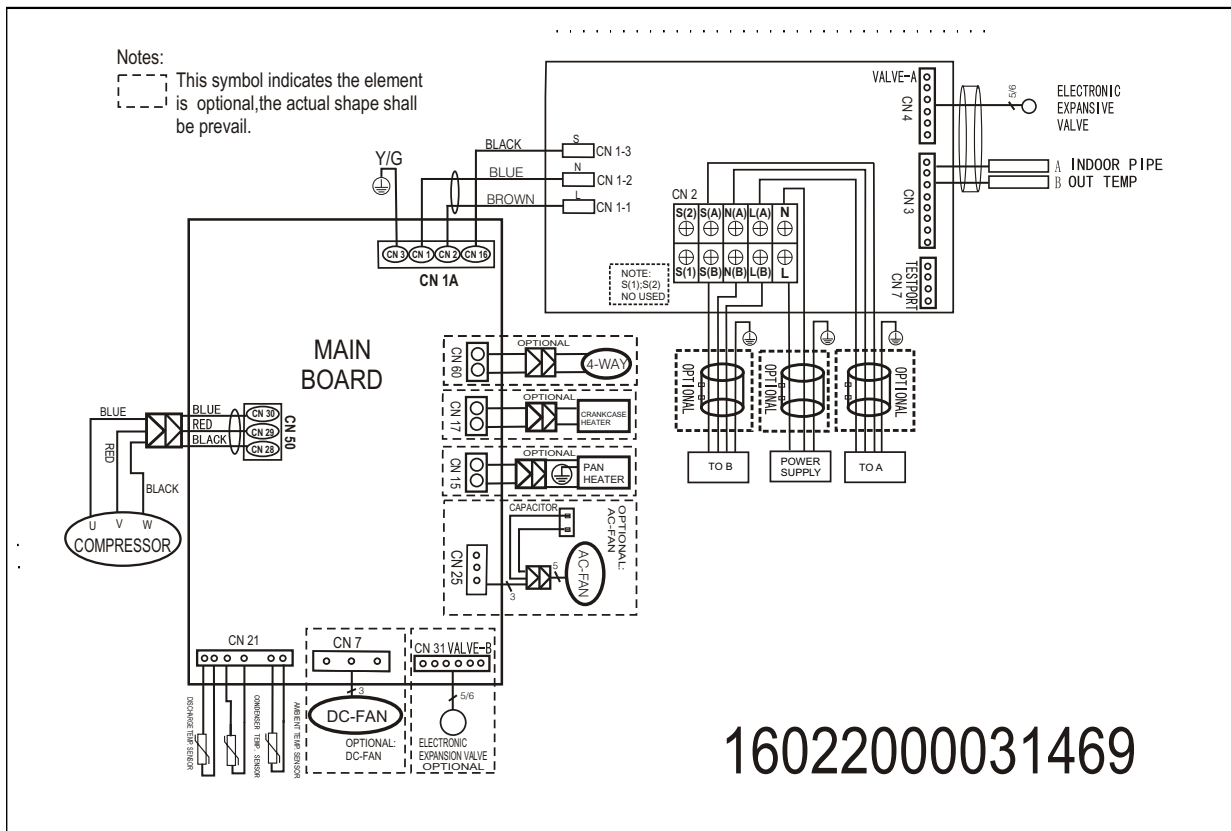
1. When you connect this model with one R32 12000 Btu outdoor unit mono DC inverter, you should do one more step on the wiring
2. Please short connect the terminals "W" and "1(L)" of the outdoor unit with a common wire (eg. the red wire showing in the below diagram.)

■ Unità esterne multi DC inverter /multi DC inverter outdoor units

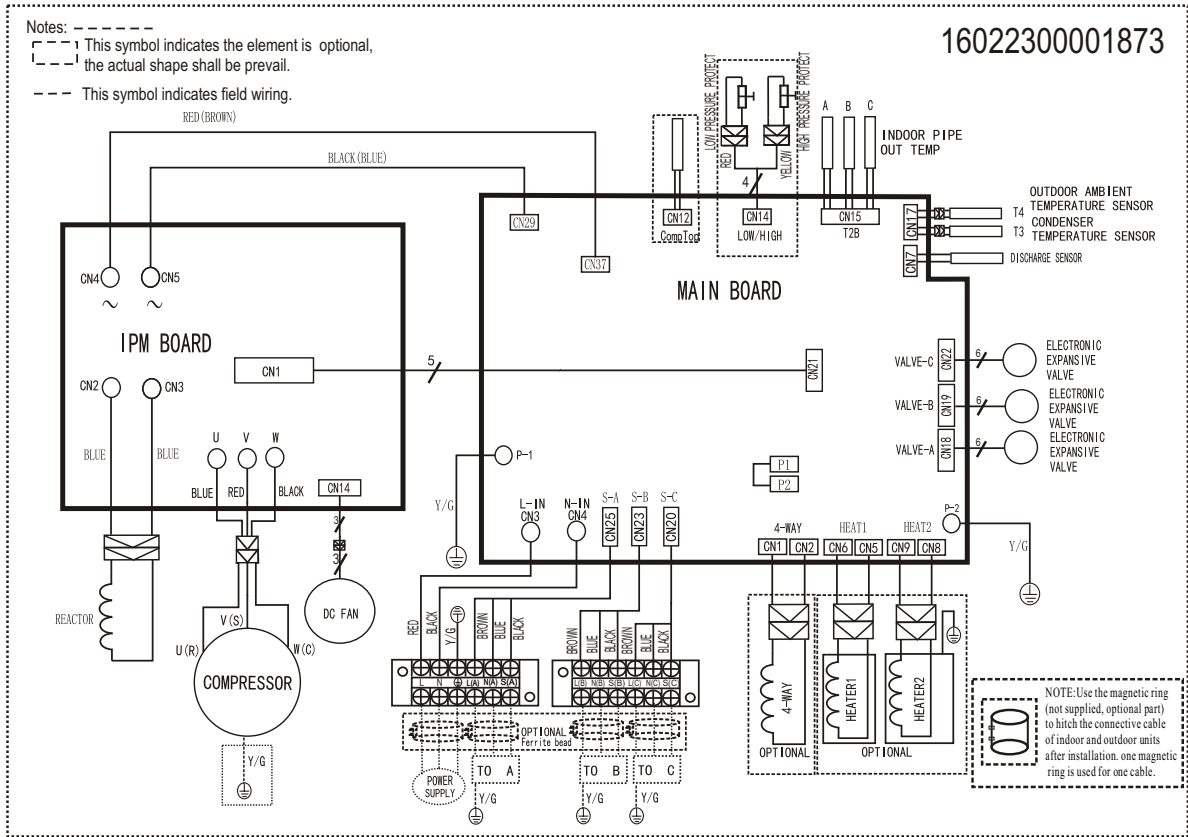
Modello/model: FD2M42R



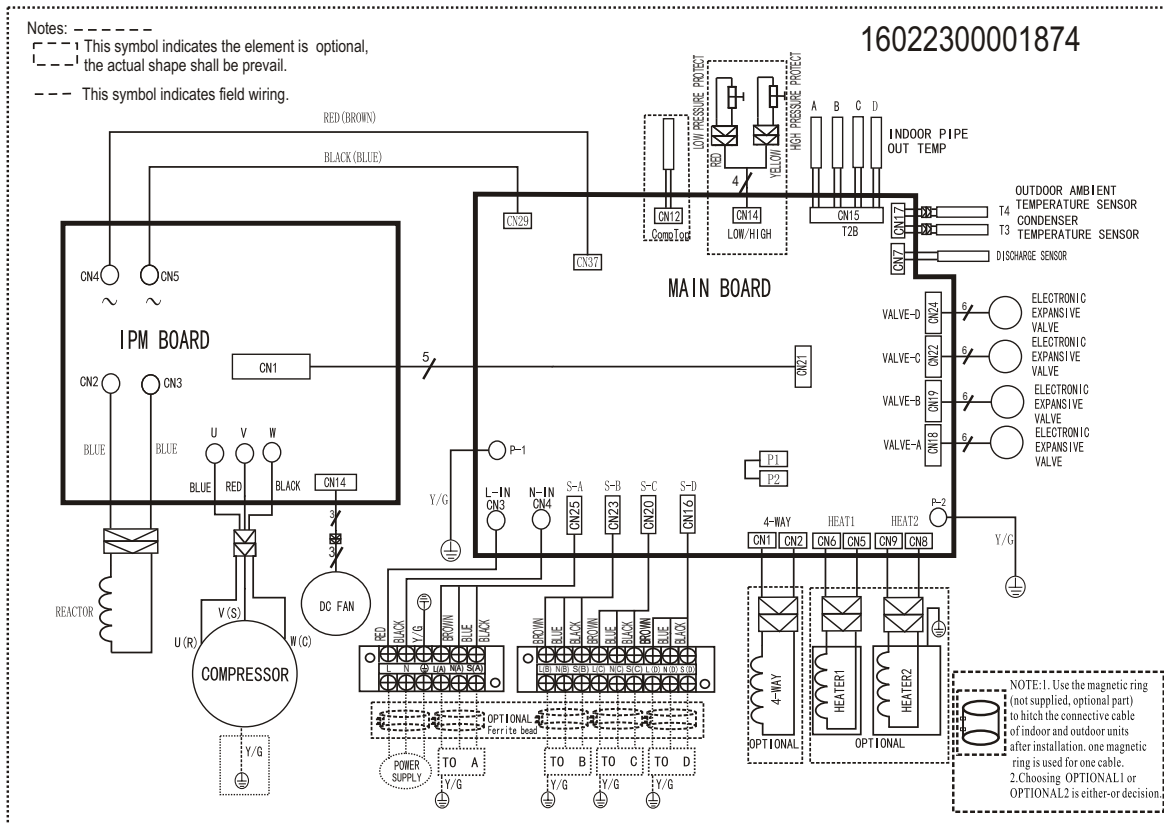
Modello/model: FD2M53R

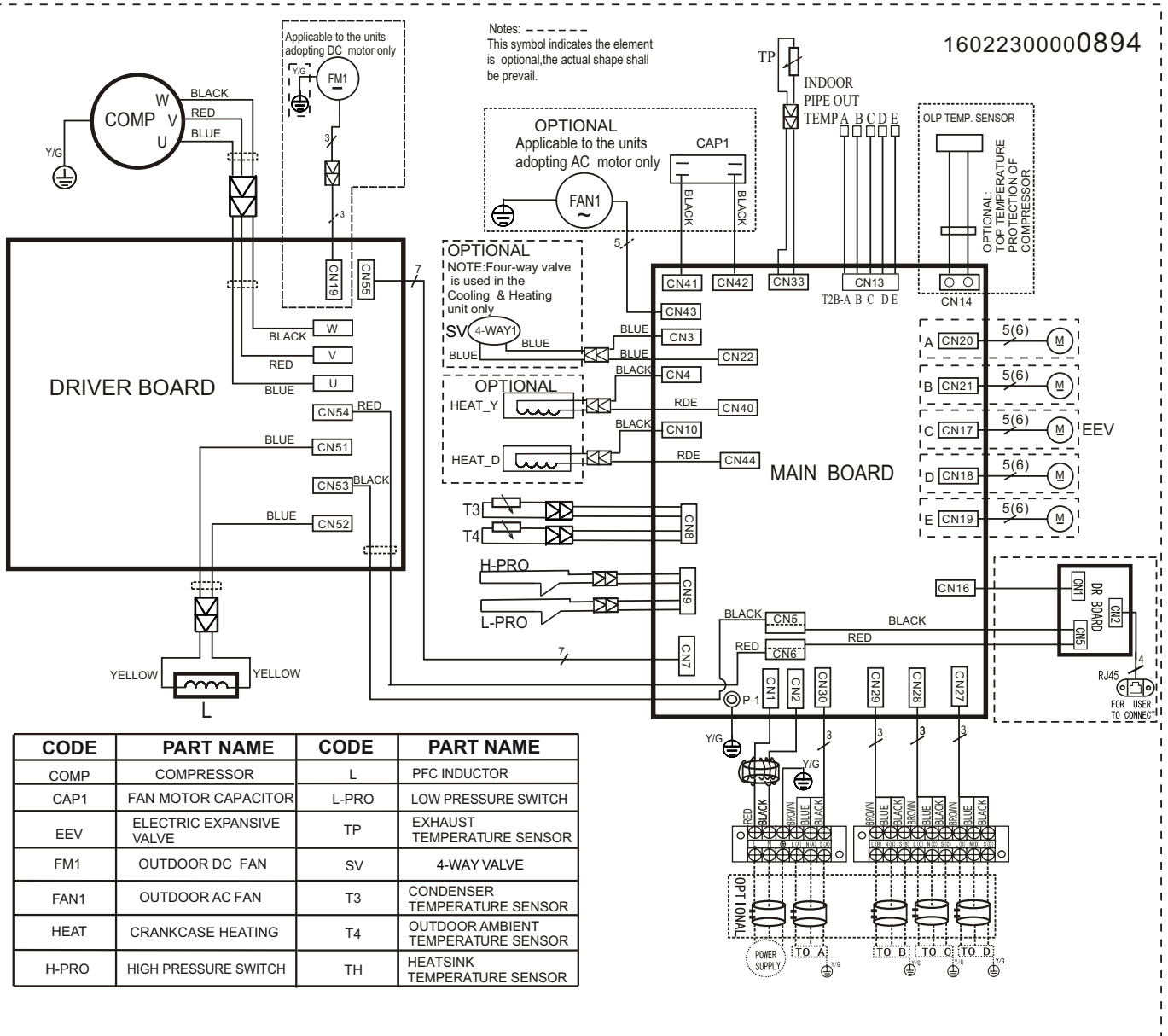


Modello/model: FD3M62R



Modello/model: FD3M80R



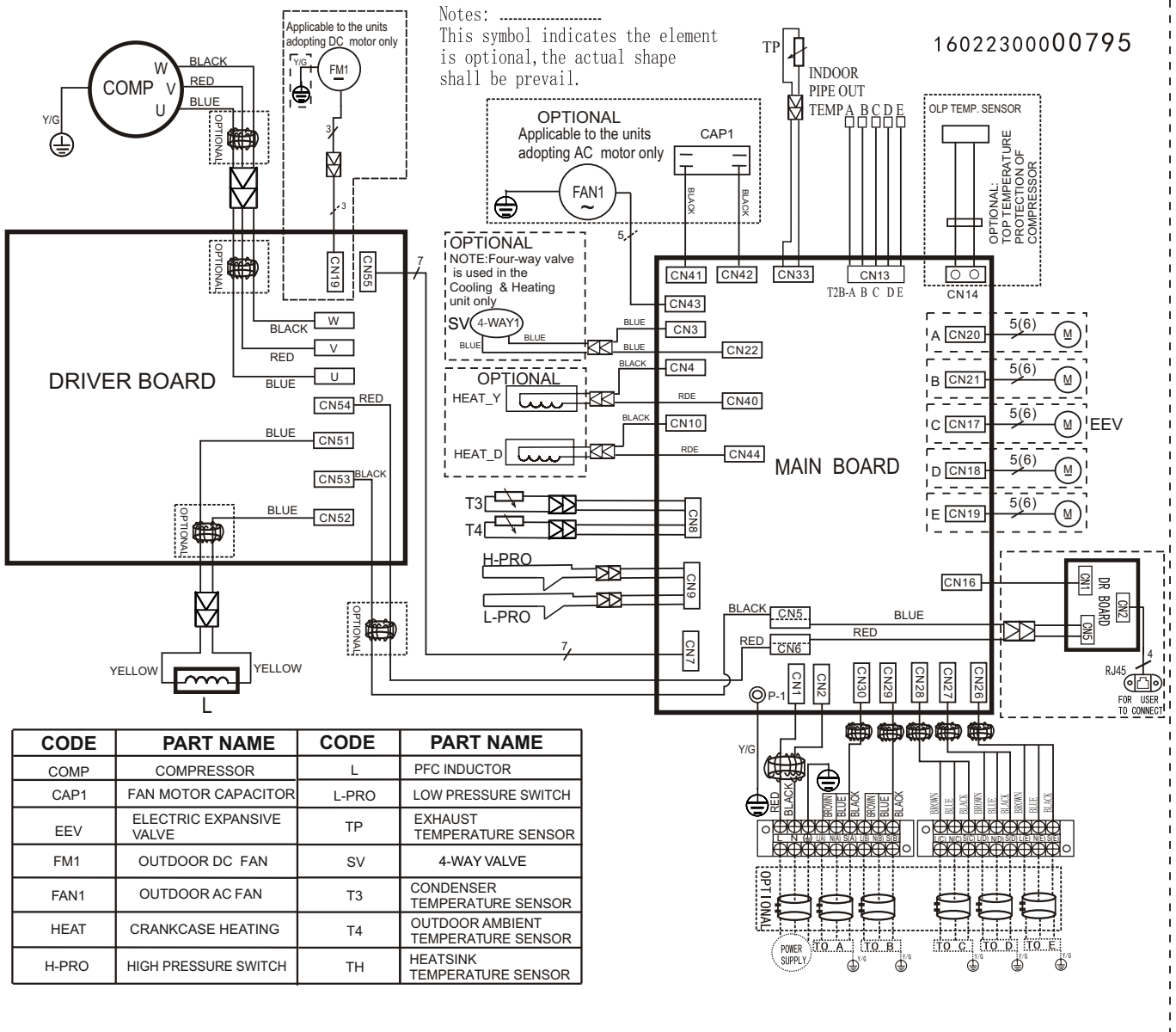


| CODE | PART NAME | CODE | PART NAME |
|-------|--------------------------|-------|------------------------------------|
| COMP | COMPRESSOR | L | PFC INDUCTOR |
| CAP1 | FAN MOTOR CAPACITOR | L-PRO | LOW PRESSURE SWITCH |
| EEV | ELECTRIC EXPANSIVE VALVE | TP | EXHAUST TEMPERATURE SENSOR |
| FM1 | OUTDOOR DC FAN | SV | 4-WAY VALVE |
| FAN1 | OUTDOOR AC FAN | T3 | CONDENSER TEMPERATURE SENSOR |
| HEAT | CRANKCASE HEATING | T4 | OUTDOOR AMBIENT TEMPERATURE SENSOR |
| H-PRO | HIGH PRESSURE SWITCH | TH | HEATSINK TEMPERATURE SENSOR |

Modello/model: FD5M120R

16022300000795

Notes:
This symbol indicates the element is optional, the actual shape shall be prevail.



| CODE | PART NAME | CODE | PART NAME |
|-------|--------------------------|-------|------------------------------------|
| COMP | COMPRESSOR | L | PFC INDUCTOR |
| CAP1 | FAN MOTOR CAPACITOR | L-PRO | LOW PRESSURE SWITCH |
| EEV | ELECTRIC EXPANSIVE VALVE | TP | EXHAUST TEMPERATURE SENSOR |
| FM1 | OUTDOOR DC FAN | SV | 4-WAY VALVE |
| FAN1 | OUTDOOR AC FAN | T3 | CONDENSER TEMPERATURE SENSOR |
| HEAT | CRANKCASE HEATING | T4 | OUTDOOR AMBIENT TEMPERATURE SENSOR |
| H-PRO | HIGH PRESSURE SWITCH | TH | HEATSINK TEMPERATURE SENSOR |



A2B Accorroni E.G. s.r.l.
Via d'Ancona, 37 - 60027 Osimo (An) - Tel. 071.723991
web site: www.accorroni.it - e-mail: a2b@accorroni.it